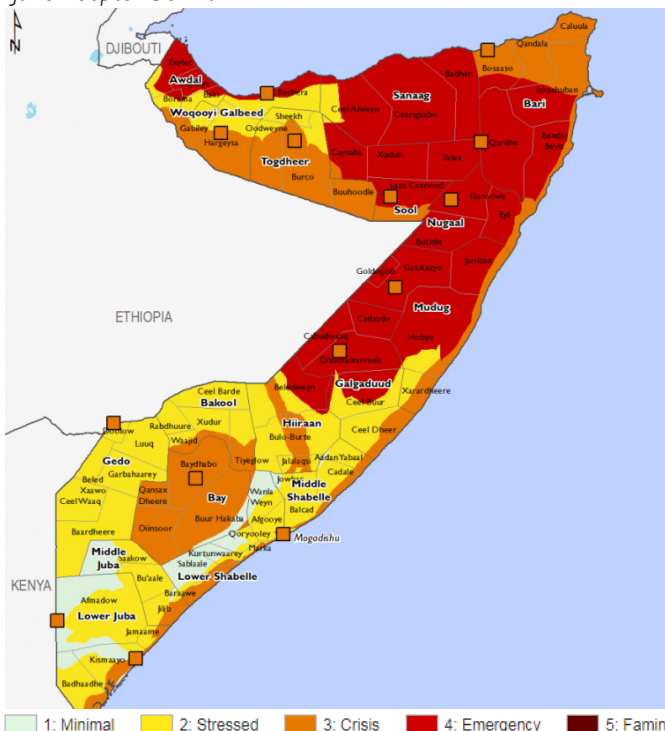


Key messages

- **Overall situation:** Mild to moderate drought conditions are imminent in many parts of Somalia due to the 2018 insufficient Deyr rains and delayed onset of Gu rains. Poor start of the Gu rainfall season has shortened the length of the crop growing season. Given the shortened season, below-average Gu rainfall performance, and very low river levels to date, a significant reduction of 40-50 percent in aggregate seasonal cereal output is expected in July 2019.
- **Food security:** Nearly 4.9 million people are estimated to be food insecure and the number is expected to rise. The combination of environmental deterioration, disasters such as droughts and floods, lack of adequate levels of agricultural production, conflict and economic crisis have eroded vulnerable households' ability to cope. FSNAU reports that approximately 1.7 million people are now estimated to be in Crisis (IPC Phase 3) and Emergency (IPC Phase 4) between April and June 2019, an increase of 10 percent from the previous projection of 1.55 million for February-June 2019. The number of people classified as Stressed (IPC Phase 2) remains 3.4 million.
- **Malnutrition levels remain critical** in many areas with 903,100 children aged under-5 projected to be acutely malnourished from August 2018 to September 2019 and an additional 138,000 severely malnourished.
- **Urgent scale-up of humanitarian food assistance** is needed to help vulnerable people across the country. It is also critical to support resilience activities to improve livelihoods and to increase families' coping abilities.
- **In Southwest State, partners are facing resource constraints** resulting into low partner response in the region. Livelihood assets are needed for rural populations especially in preparation for the Gu rain season. The number of households in the state that are accessing improved access to food and special safety nets is small. Only an estimated 10 per cent of internally displaced people in Baidoa receive relief assistance. There is also need to increase emergency shelter services for displaced persons especially with the approaching Gu rains which might cause flash floods.

Food Security outlook

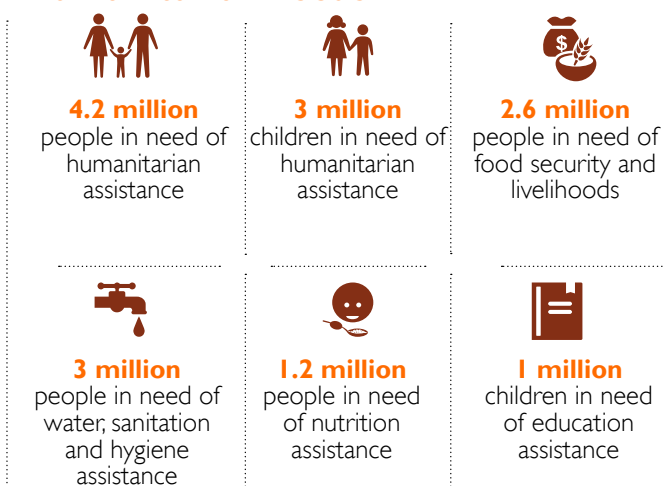
June - September 2019



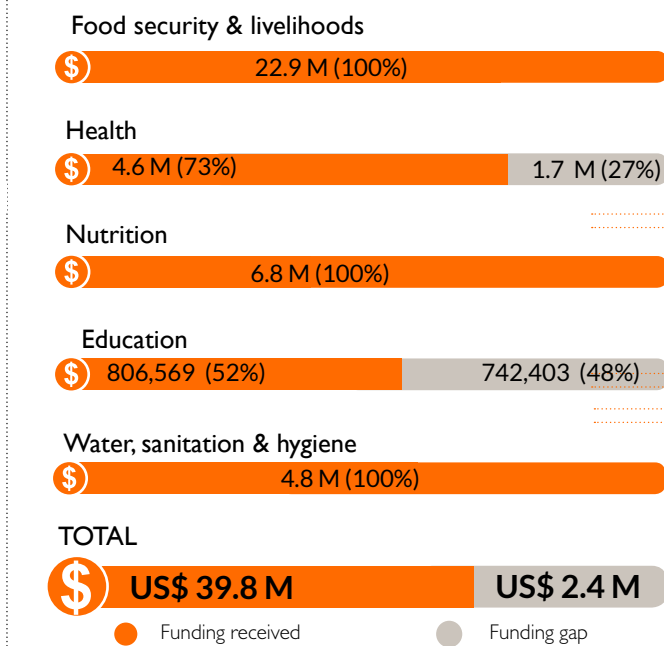
Gaps and needs

- There is a need for recovery and rehabilitation projects, and fostering the resilience of the drought affected populations to shocks and drought effects. Resilience projects like the SOMREP Project can reduce the effects of the shocks of the drought affected communities.
- The need for shelter and mosquito net support for the IDPs is high in response to anticipated flash floods and malaria prevention. The IDPs also need support with mosquito nets to prevent malaria when the Gu rains start.
- The program requires an increase in multi-year projects whose focus is strengthening resilience in Somalia which experiences recurrent crisis.

Humanitarian needs



Funding needs



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the World Vision International

Creation date: 24 May 2019

Sources: FSNAU, UNICEF, UNOCHA, Somalia Humanitarian Response Plan, Somalia Education Cluster report.

*All financial figures in US\$

Response highlights



WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE

- Interventions included providing water purification tablets in Puntland and drilling and equipping of a borehole in South West state.
- Other activities included hygiene promotion campaigns in Garowe district and South West state, training of WASH committee members in Somaliland.



HEALTH

Nearly 60,000 people had access to basic healthcare services across the 13 health centres and 4 mobile clinics run by World Vision. This included 7,147 people who received outpatient treatment, 6,053 under children under five years old who received free medical consultations, 1,971 children immunised and 2,960 pregnant women that received Antenatal Care services.



EDUCATION

- To improve their learning experience, 1,639 children (926 boys and 713 girls) across eight schools in Puntland received text and notebooks.
- Additionally, 76 teachers (52 male and 24 female) received incentives, 15 others from two schools in Eyl district were trained on managing gender-based violence.



FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS

- 5,166 families (30,996 people) in Dangorayo, Godobjiran, Eyl and Garowe districts of Puntland received vouchers (electronic) that they redeemed in exchange for food commodities.
- In Jubaland, 750 people received food vouchers. In addition, 5,666 people in Dolow received cash through the cash transfer programme. 6,516 people in Luuq, Dolow and Elwak were supported with food vouchers.
- In Somaliland, 22,366 families (134,196 people) received cash through the cash transfer programme, while 220 households through the cash for work programme.



NUTRITION

13,385, children under five years old in Puntland and South West state were screened for malnutrition. Of these, 582 children had Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM), with 11 cases of complications. 7,040 had Moderately Acute Malnutrition (MAM). The cases were treated and managed at the various health centres and mobile nutrition clinics run by World Vision.

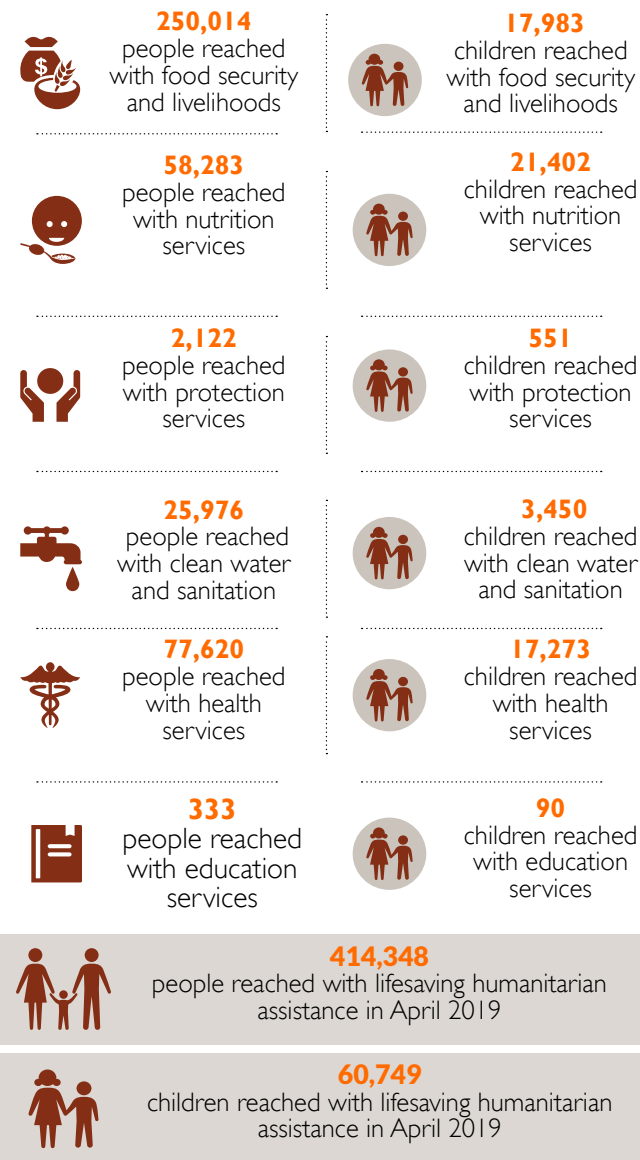


PROTECTION

In Somaliland 750 people participated in a dialogue session on protection issues with community leaders. 32 people, including 14 partners from South West state, were trained on child protection measures.

Response achievements

Reporting period April 01 - April 30, 2019

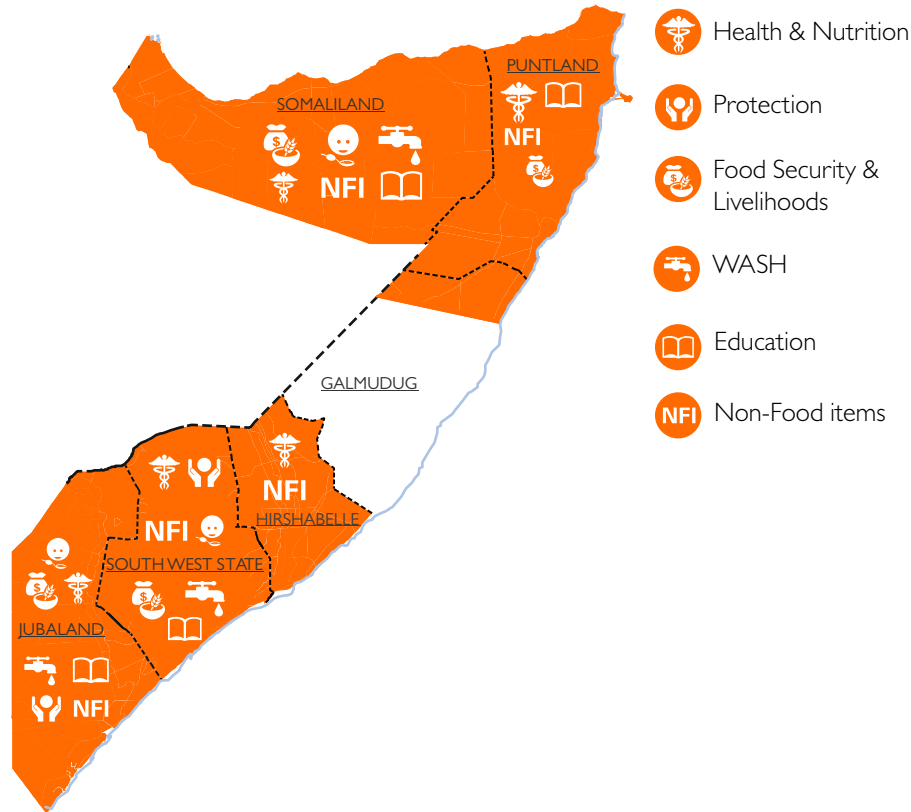


SOMALIA

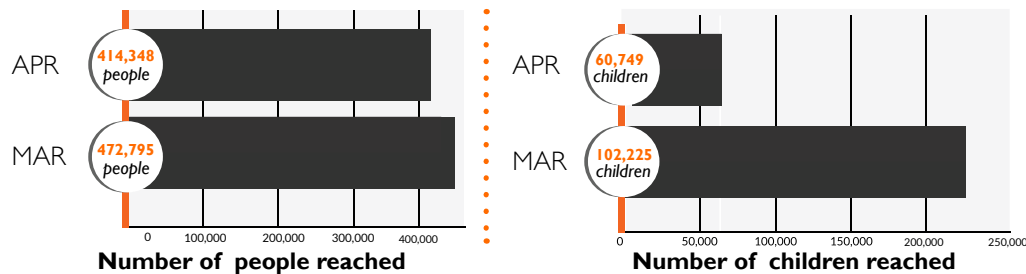
EAST AFRICA CHILDREN'S CRISIS SITUATION REPORT | APRIL 1 - APRIL 30, 2019



Response locations



Monthly achievements



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National office donors & partners



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