Key messages

- **Food security outlook:** The Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) update, released jointly by the Government of the Republic of South Sudan, the Food and Agricultural organization of the United Nation (FAO), the United Nations Children’s Fund (UNICEF) and the World Food Programme (WFP), indicates that 4.5 million people in South Sudan are still severely food insecure estimated through September and December 2019. Currently, 6.35 million people (54% of the population) are classified in Crisis (IPC Phase 3) or worse acute food insecurity, with an estimated 2.1 million women and children facing acute Malnutrition, while 1.7 Million people are in Emergency (IPC Phase 4) acute food insecurity and 10,000 people are in Catastrophe (IPC phase 5). With relative peace, there is increase return of Refugee and IDPs to their original home and this will stress the current plan resources, therefore there is need to update the contingency plan.

- **Preparedness:** Since the outbreak of the Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) in the North Kivu Province of the neighbouring Democratic Republic of Congo at the beginning of August 2018, there is an increased threat of cross-border spread into South Sudan. To prevent the potential spread and ensure readiness for any eventualities, a preparedness and response planning has been activated in the Western Equatoria zone led by World Vision in partnership with the Ministry of Health, World Health Organisation and other partner agencies. As of 30th September 2019, World Vision has cumulatively screened 342,699 people in Yambio, Ezo, Nabiapai, Makpandu, Sakure, Gangura, Yambio Airstrip, Bangangai and Sangua 1.

- **Response:** Working in partnership with WFP, FAO, FSL Clusters and other implementing partners, World Vision’s food assistance programme has reached close to 816,631 people through various programming initiatives across the four zones in South Sudan.

Gaps and needs

- Humanitarian food assistance continues to prevent more extreme outcomes in parts of Greater Upper Nile, Greater Bahr el Ghazal, and Western Equatoria. However, despite lower conflict events and improvements in humanitarian access, the number of beneficiaries reached with humanitarian food assistance has declined since May.

- The humanitarian need due to crisis in South Sudan is complex, with a combination of both human and natural factors increasing the vulnerabilities of a majority of the population this include flooding in Upper Nile, Western Equatoria, Central Equatoria, Eastern Equatoria due to heavy rain in August and September and conflicts. An estimated 6.45 million people, (more than half the country’s population) continue to face acute food insecurity and hence humanitarian support particularly in the form of emergency food assistance is necessary in averting the risk of starvation or worse famine.

Food Security Outlook

**October 2019 - January 2020**

**Humanitarian needs**

- 7.1 million people in need of humanitarian assistance
- 4.3 million children in need of humanitarian assistance
- 6.1 million people in need of food security and livelihood assistance
- 5.7 million people in need of water, sanitation and hygiene assistance
- 2.9 million people in need of education assistance
- 1.8 million people in need of nutrition assistance

**Funding needs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Funding received</th>
<th>Funding gap</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food security &amp; livelihoods</td>
<td>6.4 M (76%)</td>
<td>2.0 M (24%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>5.6 M (100%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter &amp; NFI</td>
<td>606,788 (74%)</td>
<td>213,212 (26%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>5.6 M (100%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection</td>
<td>2 M (100%)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water, sanitation &amp; hygiene</td>
<td>4.2 M (84%)</td>
<td>814,278 (16%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>1.1 M (42%)</td>
<td>1.5 M (58%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**

- $36.1 M
- $8.7 M

*All financial figures in US$
Response highlights

FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS

- **Food assistance:** 490,241 people received food assistance through general food distribution, Food for Education, blanket and targeted supplementary feeding programmes. The beneficiaries received 4,740,457 metric tons of assorted food commodities in World Vision Programme areas.
- **Cash assistance:** 159,618 people received $201,536.72 under cash and voucher programming.
- **95,147 people benefited from FSL activities through Agricultural inputs such as Fishing kits, farm tools and FSL Kits and Livestock programmes across World Vision intervention areas in South Sudan.
- **Skills building:** 3,500 farmers in Greater Upper Nile and Bahr el Ghazal were trained on improved farming practices, pest control, vegetable production, handling and marketing.
- **Inputs Distribution:** 4,256 farmers in Bailet, Renk and Gogrial East and West received vegetable seeds under initiatives aimed at improving household food production kits and tools.

WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE

- **Potable water:** 196,814 individuals were provided with clean and safe drinking water, with an average 17.5 liters of safe and clean drinking water per person per day.
- **Behavioural change messaging:** 12,341 people learnt about appropriate hand washing behaviour in Greater Upper Nile Zone.

PROTECTION

- **Child Friendly Spaces:** over 22,114 children living in Greater Bahr el Ghazal, Juba and Greater Upper Nile attended World Vision child friendly spaces where they accessed learning, participated in recreational activities and received psychosocial support and protection services.

EDUCATION

- **Access, enrolment and retention:** 140,557 children acquired numeracy and literacy skills through World Vision supported schools.
- **School meals:** 84,808 school-children attended schools across Upper Nile, Warrap and NBG received a daily meal aimed at promoting attendance, retention and completion.
- **Mine risk reduction:** 4,017 children and adults across Juba, Western Equatoria and Upper Nile attended mine risk sessions where they acquired mine awareness skills.

NUTRITION

- **Nutrition screening and treatment:** 252,834 children, pregnant and lactating mothers across Juba, Western Equatoria, Upper Nile, and Warrap were screened for malnutrition. 10,832 identified as malnourished were enrolled for care and treatment into World Vision supported nutrition health facilities for care and treatment. 5,930 children were discharged after curing from malnutrition.
- **Behavioural change messaging:** 56,710 caregivers learnt about maternal infant and young child nutrition appropriate hygiene practices, health seeking behaviors and appropriate nutrition.

SHELTER & NFIs

- **NFI supplies:** 23,213 people received kits comprising of water storage and collection containers, hygiene kits and soap. 1,214 children received mosquito nets.

HEALTH

- **Curative consultations:** 71,920 people in Upper Nile, Warrap and Western Equatoria people accessed free curative consultations through government health facilities supported by World Vision.
- **Vaccination:** 11,995 children received essential vaccination doses through routine immunization programmes.

Response achievements

**Response achievements**

**Reporting period September 01 - September 30, 2019**

- **661,115** people reached with food security and livelihoods
- **84,808** children reached with food security and livelihoods
- **252,834** people reached with nutrition assistance
- **92,456** children reached with nutrition assistance
- **22,114** people reached with protection services
- **135,307** children reached with education
- **71,920** people reached with health services
- **28,680** children reached with health services
- **196,814** people reached with water, sanitation and hygiene services
- **87,890** children reached with water, sanitation and hygiene services
- **23,213** people reached with Shelter & NFIs
- **1,497** children reached with Shelter & NFIs
- **1,376,213** people reached with lifesaving humanitarian assistance in September 2019
- **454,529** children reached with lifesaving humanitarian assistance in September 2019