Resilience and DRR Intervention

Goal
Communities are prepared to mitigate, respond to and recover quickly from disasters

Expected Results
- Children feel more safe and prepared for disasters
- Communities have mapped and taken action to reduce risks in their area
- Families have savings and grab-bags in place in case of disasters
- Local disaster committees have the skills and plans in place to launch response to disaster
- Lives are saved during future disasters

What we will achieve (until 2025)?
- 261,000 people better prepared to cope with disaster shocks including more than 109,000 children
- 183 LDCRPs implemented at local level
- 4,700 youth equipped as first responders
- 183 community based youth groups established as watchdogs on DRM
Our approaches

- Equip communities to map and understand the disaster risks in their area
- Establish and work with stakeholders to implement Local Disaster and Climate Resilient Plans (LDCRP)
- Integrate Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) into learning and school curriculum

How do we achieve this

- Facilitate and enhance capacity to manage risk
- Mobilise youth to manage disasters
- Support School Management Committees with implementation of the school safety framework

Key activities

- Support municipalities to prepare and operationalize DRM related policies and plan (LDCRP at municipality and ward level, Disaster Preparedness and Response Plan (DPRP), DRR fund mobilization guideline and other policy and operational documents),
- Support the government to establish Local Emergency Operation Centre (LEOC) at rural municipality and municipality to create enabling environment to ensure local governance before, during and after disaster,
- Form and strengthen Local/Community Disaster Management Committees, task force groups and government officials to implement LDCRP with logistic support,
- Raise awareness on the importance of DRM measures and functioning mechanism in-country preparing flyers, books, IEC materials and key messages and disseminate using mass media and different means of communication,
- Promote network and cooperation between World Vision and the Ministry of Home Affairs (MoHA), Ministry of Federal Affairs and General Administration (MoFAGA), INGOs, UN and other actors at the national level,
- Develop and implement monsoon preparedness response plan,
- Cash for work (CFW) /Cash for asset programmes to reduce disaster risks and rehabilitate community infrastructures,
- Train National Disaster Management Team (NDMT) members on disaster risk reduction, emergency preparedness and response management including sphere standard and core humanitarian standards,
- Preposition relief items and distribute in case of emergency coordinating with the local stakeholders,
- Facilitate simulations/drill to reduce disaster risk in disaster prone areas and support for community resilience,
- Prepare household disaster preparedness plan (HDPP) at household level,
- Incorporate Comprehensive School Safety Framework (CSSF) within the School Improvement Plan (SIP) guidelines,
- Assess and strengthen structural safety of school facilities,
- Build DRM capacity among school management committees, teachers and students,
- Roll out the harmonized school safety packages and its associated tools in the schools.
Implementation area:
WVI Nepal working districts

World Vision project districts