Key messages

- **Education:** All states in South Sudan are grappling with quality education service delivery. With adult illiteracy at 27 per cent, a UN report said it is the highest in the world. Support on education that promotes access and retention reinforces will improve the quality of primary education. Creating interest in education and improving performance at all level is a factor of so many ingredients including creating a safe and protective learning environment.

- **Food insecurity:** Currently, more than 7 million South Sudanese face an alarming food insecurity situation. Along with this, over a million children are suffering from malnutrition. The World Food Programme (WFP) recently expressed concern that famine could reoccur. The WFP officials have however reiterated their readiness to respond, working with partners such as World Vision. The efficiency of the response work also largely depends on the political and security situation in the country.

- **Optimize the response:** Scaling interventions in a conflict sensitive way while increase investment in recovery and resilience programming will have the greatest impact on South Sudan’s ability to face and bounce back from the numerous vulnerabilities they are currently facing. World Vision’s food and cash assistance programme have reached over a million people. The programme also builds capacity of beneficiaries to start small businesses and learn new skills that would allow them to help themselves long after the assistance is completed.

- **Centrality of protection:** The protection crisis is the primary force behind rising hunger and malnutrition. Trends continue to show that food insecurity rises wherever significant and/or prolonged violent conflict occurs. This has contributed to the deepening, spreading and acceleration of the crisis, and the number of children impacted by it. Addressing the current crisis will require more innovative thinking and approaches by all. This is particularly true for those engaging in peace making for South Sudan.

Food insecurity and displacement

**March - May 2018**

- **Inadequate access to clean and safe water supply in famine affected communities**
- **Limited access to nutrition and health services in Internally Displaced Persons and famine affected communities**
- **Protection needs**

Humanitarian needs

- **7 million** people in need of humanitarian assistance
- **4.2 million** children in need of humanitarian assistance
- **1.9 million** people internally displaced by conflict
- **5.6 million** people in need of water, sanitation and hygiene assistance
- **2 million** people are in need of nutrition assistance
- **6.3 million** people in need of food security and livelihood assistance

**Gaps and needs**

- Inadequate access to clean and safe water supply in famine affected communities
- Limited access to nutrition and health services in Internally Displaced Persons and famine affected communities
- Protection needs

**Funding needs (Continued from 2017)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Required Funding</th>
<th>Received Funding</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Food security &amp; livelihoods</td>
<td>$167,000 (2%)</td>
<td>8.2 M (98%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition</td>
<td>$1.8 M (48%)</td>
<td>707,600 (52%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter and NFI</td>
<td>$265,007 (68%)</td>
<td>554,993 (32%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water, sanitation &amp; hygiene</td>
<td>$989,001 (19%)</td>
<td>4 M (89%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection &amp; Education</td>
<td>$1.7 M (65%)</td>
<td>96,884 (35%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19.9 M</strong></td>
<td><strong>$18.8 M</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*All financial figures in US$*
Response highlights

**FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS**
- **Food assistance:** 142,189 people received 1,990 metric tonnes of food commodities distributed through general food distribution, rapid response, supplementary feeding and food for education.
- **Resilience skills:** 15,080 people learnt about home gardening, good agricultural practices, seed multiplication and post-harvest management.
- **Vocational skills:** 20 youth graduated with vocational skills in carpentry, masonry and tailoring, and received tools for starting their own activities for income generation.
- **Supplies:** 1,741 farmers received farm tools, and seeds.

**NON FOOD ITEMS**
- **Non-food items:** 5,539 people received assorted kits which contained: plastic sheets, kitchen utensils and mosquito nets.

**EDUCATION & PROTECTION**
- **Food for education:** 75,419 children in school received 205.2MT of food under school meals and girls incentive initiatives.
- **Scholastic supplies:** 20,677 children from displaced and host communities received exercise books, pencils, pens and rulers.
- **Child friendly spaces:** 9,217 children attended child friendly spaces, with 4,063 receiving psychosocial support.
- **Behavioral change messages:** 1,321 people learnt about gender based violence.
- **Psychosocial care:** 80 children formerly associated with armed groups continued to receive interim care.

**WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE**
- **Safe drinking water:** 85,369 people living in displaced camps and host communities received an average of 19 litres of safe drinking water daily from World Vision water sources.
- **Infrastructure support:** 140 latrines were constructed in Renk, Fashoda, Koch and Leer counties. 1,980 metres of water pipelines were laid in Renk; 1,345 meters of existing water pipelines were repaired, and 5 boreholes in Leer County rehabilitated.
- **Behavioral change messages:** 18,950 individuals learnt about hygiene promotion practices on appropriate hand-washing, food hygiene and safety, human and domestic waste disposal, water handling and safe storage and environmental health through household visits and campaigns.

**HEALTH & NUTRITION**
- **Curative consultations:** 33,036 people received curative consultation, care and treatment from World Vision supported health facilities.
- **Nutrition:** 54,501 children less than five years old were screened for malnutrition. 10,908 identified as malnourished were enrolled into care and treatment.
- **27,147 pregnant and lactating women were screened for malnutrition. 4,085 identified as malnourished were enrolled into care and treatment.
- **Behavioral change messages:** 4,887 caregivers, pregnant and lactating mothers learnt about infant and young child feeding, appropriate health and hygiene practices, hand washing, waste disposal, good health seeking and prevention of acute malnutrition.

**Response achievements**

- 158,930 people reached with food security and livelihoods
- 75,092 people reached with health services
- 5,375 people reached with protection services
- 85,369 people reached with clean water and sanitation
- 5,539 people reached with shelter and NFI
- 461,840 people reached with life-saving humanitarian assistance in April 2018
- 233,595 children reached with life-saving humanitarian assistance in April 2018

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The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the World Vision International.

Creation date: 10 May 2018
Sources: 2018 HUMANITARIAN NEEDS OVERVIEW SOUTH SUDAN, IPC