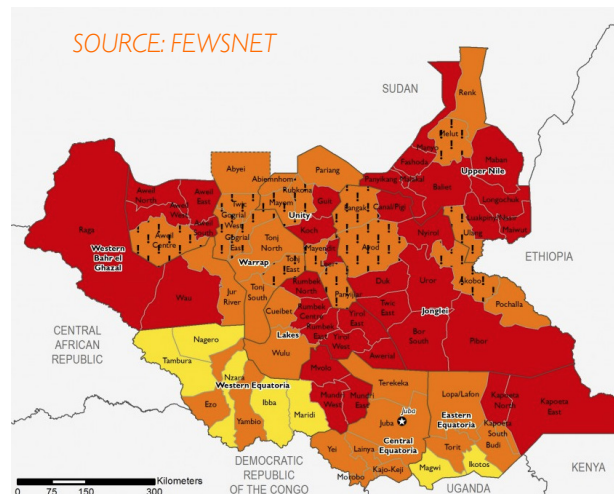


Key messages

- **Food insecurity:** Over 6 million people are facing “Crisis” or “Emergency” levels of acute food insecurity (IPC Phases 3 and 4). This is a 20 per cent increase compared to the same period June/July 2017.
- **Conflict deepening vulnerabilities:** Persistent conflict has continued to disrupt people’s lives and livelihoods. Over 7,000 IDPs have fled their homes in Ezo county due to conflict. In addition, poor economic conditions in the country and challenges faced in the delivery of humanitarian assistance has pushed nearly 60% of the population into acute food insecurity especially in the peak of the lean June/July, when food shortages were typically at their worst levels.
- **Threat of crops diseases:** The impact of late rains and reported Fall Armyworms infestation is expected to negatively affect the season’s crop production.
- **Children out of school:** According to a July press release by UNESCO and UNICEF, about 2.4 million children are not attending school, the highest proportion in the world.
- **Humanitarian access:** A call for urgent access to Greater Upper Nile region for assessments and lifesaving interventions in Leer and Mayendit counties-former Unity State is urgently needed. Famine was declared in these two counties in February 2017, and the key food security drivers have not been addressed, the situation remains extremely fragile.
- **Insecurity impeding delivery of assistance:** The growing insecurity in many areas has impeded the food distribution for refugees with organizations becoming highly dependent on UN Mission for South Sudan (UNMISS) for security and protection.
- **Urgent humanitarian assistance:** The continuing projections and risks of extreme food insecurity throughout 2018, calls for large-scale humanitarian assistance to save lives. This should be complemented with unhindered humanitarian access and action to end the conflict.

Food insecurity

June - September 2018

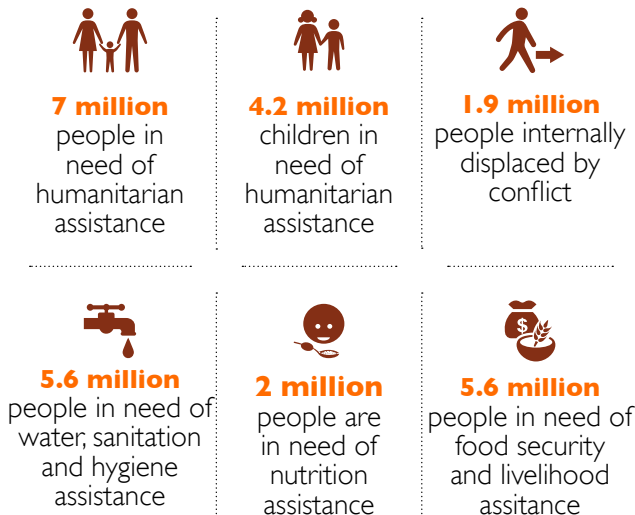


● Minimal ● Stressed ● Crisis ● Emergency

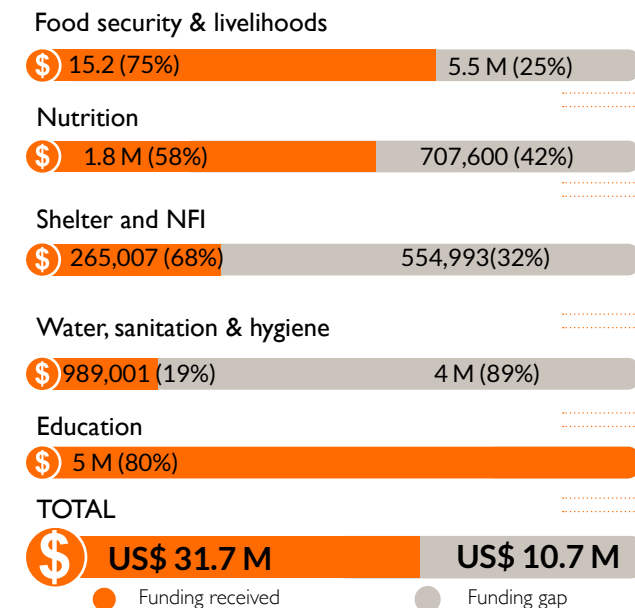
Gaps and needs

- **Insecurity hindering the delivery of humanitarian aid:** Insecurity along the major roads is significantly hampering delivery of humanitarian aid to people in need. World Vision staff could not access their work stations in Ezo, Tambura, Maridi and Ibbra.
- **Threat of famine:** The May–July 2018 projections showed an estimated 7.1 million people (63% of the population) would face Crisis (IPC Phase 3) or worse acute food insecurity, of which 155,000 were in the Catastrophe (IPC Phase 5). 2.3 million are estimated to be in Emergency (IPC Phase 4). If the current drivers of food insecurity worsen through the end of 2018, and in the absence of humanitarian assistance, there is a heightened risk of Famine in areas where large populations are already experiencing severe food insecurity.

Humanitarian needs



Funding needs



*All financial figures in US\$

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the World Vision International

Creation date: 08 August 2018

Sources: UNOCHA, WFP, UNOPS, IPC, FEWS.NET

Response highlights



FOOD SECURITY AND LIVELIHOODS

- **Food assistance:** 361,191 displaced, host and refugee communities received food supplies through the General Food Distribution, Food for Education and Food For Assets programs.
- **Farm inputs:** 6,721 people in Juba, Upper Nile and Tonj North received vegetable seeds, cassava and potato cuttings, and fishing kits for fish farmers. Also, 212 households in Fashoda county received shoats (a breed of goats and sheep).
- **Resilience skills:** 2,654 farmers in Koch, Melut, Manyo, Juba, Yambio and Gogrial West trained on conservation, agronomic practices, post-harvest management and value addition.
- **Cash and vouchers:** 2,102 households in Melut and Renk received groundnuts, maize and sorghum seeds.
- 3,817 households in Yambio, Nzara, Ezo, Ibba and Maridi received \$US 154,588.



WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE

- **Safe water:** 74,792 people in Renk, Melut, Malakal Baliet Manyo and Fashoda counties accessed clean water.
- **Water treatment supplies:** 114 households in Fashoda received 6,840 sachets of water purification tablets.
- **Behavioural change messages:** 48,392 people in Renk, Melut, Malakal, Baliet, Koch and Makpandu trained on appropriate hand washing, food hygiene and proper use and maintenance of latrines.
- **Infrastructure:** 37 latrines constructed in Aburoch, Aweil North, Koch and Melut counties.



NON FOOD ITEMS

- **Non- food items:** A total of 12,258 people in Tambura and Nagero counties received non-food items that included mosquito nets, blankets, sleeping mats and soap.



EDUCATION & PROTECTION

- **Food for Education:** 12,212 children across 23 primary schools in Baliet, Malakal, Melut and Renk received school meals under the Food for Education support.
- **School retention:** 18,652 children attended World Vision primary and Early Childhood Development (ECD) supported schools in Upper Nile state.
- **Community awareness:** 6,361 people learnt skills on child protection, gender based violence and importance of referrals.
- **Birth registration:** 601 children in Juba received birth registration certificates issued during birth registration campaigns.
- **Child Friendly Spaces (CFS):** 9,418 children attended World Vision CFS, where they received psychosocial support services.
- **Faith and development:** 7,000 children across 10 primary schools in Gogrial West county, learnt about child protection, education and spiritual nurture.



HEALTH & NUTRITION

- **Curative consultations:** 50,480 children under 5 years received curative consultations across World Vision supported health facilities.
- **Nutrition:** 71,932 children under five years old, pregnant and lactating mothers were screened for malnutrition. A total of 4,363 malnourished children and mothers were enrolled into care and treatment. 16,189 children under five years and 1,067 mothers in Malakal, Melut and RRM locations received food supplementary feeding support.
- **Behavioral change messages:** 11,074 caregivers received maternal, Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) nutrition messages disseminated through Information Education Communication materials.

Response achievements

Reporting period JULY 01 - JULY 30, 2018

376,697
people reached with food security and livelihoods

126,276
children reached with food security and livelihoods

96,352
people reached with nutrition

33,005
children reached with nutrition

20,394
people reached with protection services

10,038
children reached with protection services

81,925
people reached with education

123,617
children reached with education

9,135
people reached through church partnerships

1,917
children reached through church partnerships

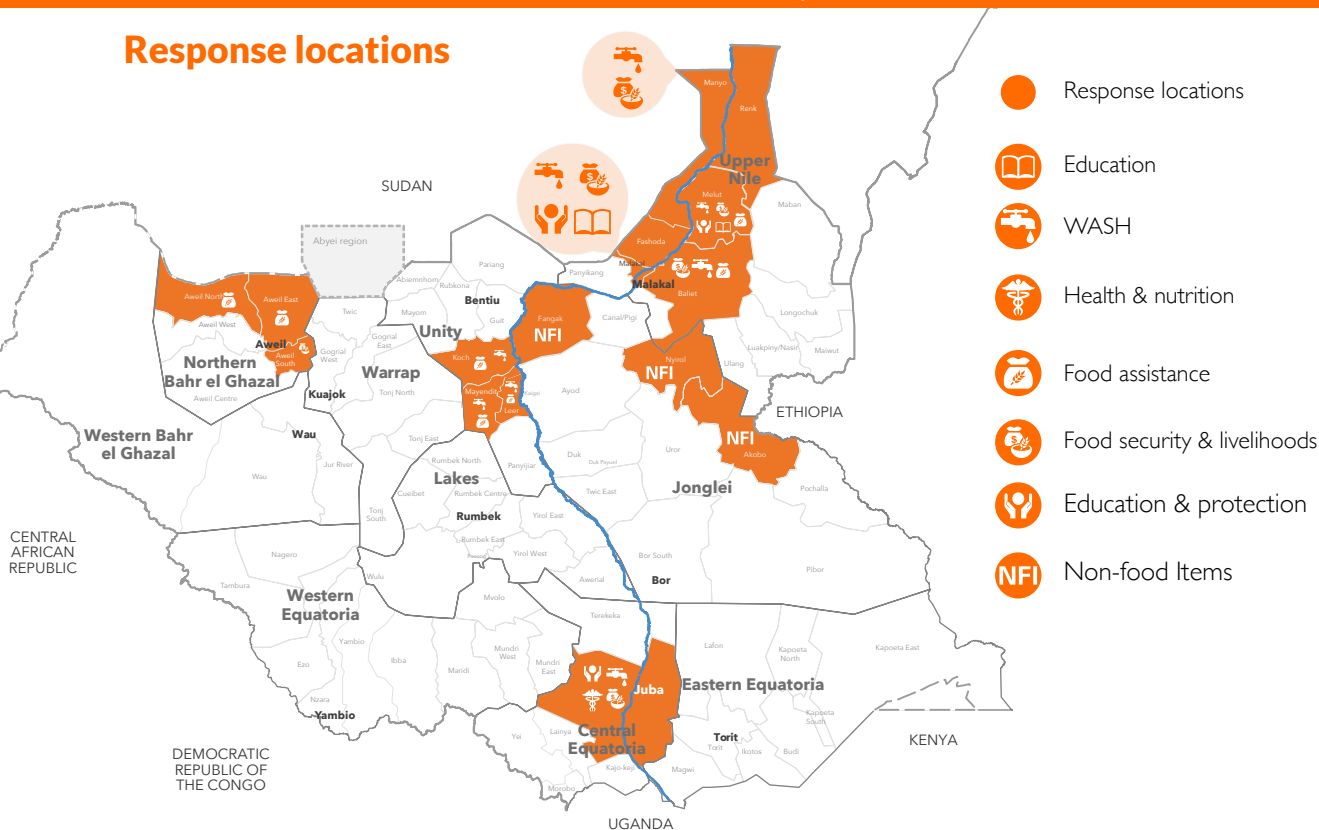
792,058
people reached with life-saving humanitarian assistance in July 2018

297,557
children reached with life-saving humanitarian assistance in July 2018

SOUTH SUDAN

EAST AFRICA CHILDREN CRISIS SITUATION REPORT | JULY 1 - JULY 31 2018

Response locations



- Response locations
- Education
- WASH
- Health & nutrition
- Food assistance
- Food security & livelihoods
- Education & protection
- NFI Non-food Items

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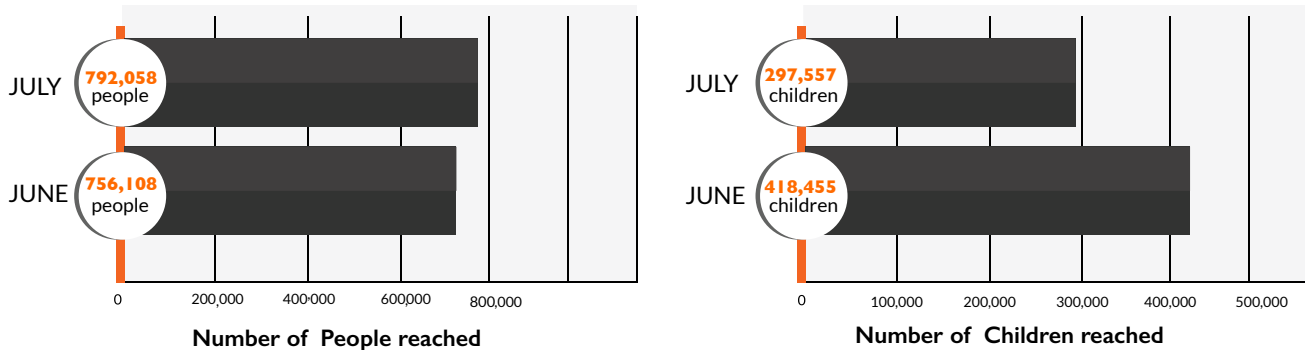
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Monthly achievements



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