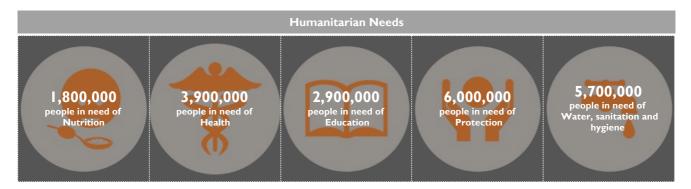
# **South Sudan - Situation Report**



Country South Sudan **Year** All **Month** February

## Key messages

- South Sudan remains in a serious humanitarian crisis due to the cumulative effects of years of conflict and violence against civilians which has destroyed livelihoods and forced displacement of more than 4.2 million people both within the country and as refugees in the neighbouring countries.
- Preparedness: Following the outbreak of the Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) in the North Kivu Province of the neighbouring Democratic Republic of Congo at the beginning of August 2018, there is an increased threat of cross-border spread into South Sudan. To prevent the potential spread and ensure readiness for any eventualities, a preparedness and response plan has been activated in the Western Equatoria zone led by World Vision and in partnership with the Ministry of Health, World Health Organisation and other partner agencies.
- Resilience and Sustainability: To address the long-term needs of the population in-need, World Vision's programmes build the capacity and skills of people to support themselves. Training on livelihoods, vocational and business skills, proper nutrition, health and sanitation among others are being conducted to encourage resilience and sustainability.



#### Gaps and needs

• People in need of humanitarian assistance: The humanitarian crisis in South Sudan is complex, with a combination of factors increasing the vulnerabilities of a majority of the population. An estimated 6.1 million people, (more than half the country's population) continue to face acute food insecurity and hence humanitarian support particularly in the form of emergency food assistance is necessary in averting the risk of starvation or worse famine.

## **South Sudan - Situation Report**



## What World Vision is doing





## Food security and livelihoods

- Food assistance: 176,247 people received food assistance through general food distribution, school feeding, blanket and targeted supplementary feeding programmes where they received 1,272.7 metric tons of assorted food commodities- sorghum, maize, beans, peas, lentils, vegetable oils, salt, CSB++ and plumpy-sup.
- Cash assistance: 12,000 people received 33, 829 USD under cash transfer programming.
- Skills building: 3,200 people learnt about improved farming practices and vegetable production and marketing skills, across World Vision supported areas in Western Equatoria, Juba, Upper Nile and Greater Bahr el Ghazal zones.
- Livelihood supplies: 3,022 people received of vegetable seeds and tools as part of food security initiatives aimed at increasing household level food production.



#### Water, sanitation & hygiene

- Potable water: 138,765 people in Upper Nile received at least 16.3 liters of clean drinking water daily from World Vision installed water supply systems.
- Behavioral change: 18,729 people learnt about appropriate hygiene practices through participatory hygiene and sanitation hygiene approaches in Upper Nile.
- Sustainability: 70 Community Nutrition Volunteers from Renk and Melut completed refresher training on sustainability, protection of water points, revenue collection, financial management, and conflict resolutions.

#### Health



- 100,154 people received EVD and Yellow Fever awareness messages at the health facilities, churches and mosques using the WHO, UNICEF, SMOH and EVD standard information, education and communications
- Curative consultations: 172,156 people in Upper Nile, Warrap and Western Equatoria people accessed free curative consultations through government health facilities supported by World Vision.



#### **Protection**

- Child Friendly Spaces: 180,802 children across Greater Bahr el Ghazal, Juba and Greater Upper Nile attended World Vision child friendly spaces where they accessed learning, participated in recreational activities and received psycho-social support services.
- Behavioral change: 52,356 people in Upper Nile, Gogrial West and Warrap learnt about gender, domestic and sexual violence, child rights, child abuse and referral mechanism and pathways.
- Skills: 161 people in Upper Nile, Western Equatoria and Greater Bahr el Ghazal received social protection training.



#### **Nutrition**

- Nutrition screening and treatment: 108,526 children under five years old, pregnant and lactating mothers in Juba, Western Equatoria, Upper Nile and Warrap states were screened for malnutrition. Those identified as malnourished were enrolled for care and treatment.
- Behavioral change messaging: 16,804 mothers and 1, 925 men learnt about maternal infant and young child nutrition appropriate hygiene practices, health seeking behaviors and good nutrition through community awareness and breast feeding corners at World Vision supported health facilities in Upper Nile, Twic, Gogrial West and East, and Tonj North.



#### Education

- Access, enrollment and retention: Over 29,070 children attended World Vision supported primary schools, in Yambio, Juba, Upper Nile and Warrap.
- Infrastructure support: Completed construction of 6 Temporary Learning Spaces and distributed 160 pieces of iron sheets renovation of dilapidated classrooms kitchen and stores in 8 schools primary schools in Greater Bahr el Ghazal.
- School meals: 29, 073 school children in Upper Nile received a daily meal aimed at promoting attendance, retention and completion.

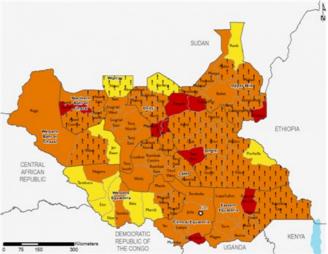
### Gaps and funding requirements

# **South Sudan - Situation Report**





FEWSNET Food Security Outlook February - May 2019



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the World Vision International

Sources: UNOCHA, WFP, UNOPS, IPC, FEWS.NET



#### Donors and partners

























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## Primary contact information

**Lilian Mumbi**Operations Director
Lilian\_mumbi@wvi.org

**Martin Omoro** 

Programme Quality & Strategy Manager Martin\_omoro@wvi.org

**Mesfin Loha** 

Country Programme Director mesfin\_loha@wvi.org