World Vision
South Sudan Program Achievement
Child Well-being Report
2016 - 2017
Where We Work

- Direct Operations
- Programs with Partners

Map showing areas of direct operations and programs with partners in the following regions:

- Northern Bahr el Ghazal
- Western Bahr el Ghazal
- Warrap
- Western Equatoria

Locations such as Mayendit, Unity, Western Equatoria, Warrap, Lakes, Western Bahr el Ghazal, Northern Bahr el Ghazal, and the Abyei region are marked on the map.
Our Impact

**HEALTH**
1.2 million people have increased access to over 200 World Vision supported health facilities

**CASH ASSISTANCE**
374,283 people received $22.3 million in cash assistance

**EDUCATION**
42,875 children attended World Vision supported schools

**NON-FOOD ITEMS**
193,794 children received emergency shelter & essential household items

**NON-FOOD ITEMS**
374,283 people received $22.3 million in cash assistance

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**NON-FOOD ITEMS**
193,794 children received emergency shelter & essential household items
469,226 children were screened for malnutrition, 87,744 children received care and treatment services.

1,283,977 children and families were supported with improved agriculture.

73,567 children and families were supported with protection services.

489,160 children received food assistance.

PROTECTION
RESILIENCE
FOOD ASSISTANCE
NUTRITION
Improved HEALTH, NUTRITION and WASH for Vulnerable Children

Key Achievements

- **1.2 M** people accessed 223 health facilities supported by World Vision
- **183,075** girls under the age of 5 were reached
- **168,993** boys under the age of 5 were reached
- **44,444** malnourished people (19,111 boys, 20,000 girls and 5,333 pregnant and lactating mothers) received supplementary food
- **125,000** women were assisted
- **US$ 24,028,082** funding received
- **308** government health facility staff supported with incentives
- **33** projects implemented
PREGNANT WOMEN

36,577 pregnant women received micronutrient supplements,
38,726 mothers received HIV counseling and testing in Warrap and Western Equatoria,
61,345 mothers with children between 0-23 months received nutrition and infectious disease counseling, and
480,880 women aged 19 or older participated in health programming.

WASH

125,000 people in IDP camps and host communities were supplied with safe water daily,
292,042 people were reached through hygiene promotion campaigns,
13 health centers were supported with gender-sensitive sanitation facilities, and
5,797 pupils in 8 schools accessed safe drinking water through World Vision-installed infrastructure and behavioral change messages.

IMMUNIZATIONS

100,000 children received polio vaccination between FY16 and FY17 under the polio eradication campaign which targeted children aged between 0-15 years along cross-border areas.

HEALTH

836,824 curative consultations were conducted including 312,181 children under five and 524,661 adults were supported primary health care centers.

COMMUNITIES

109 community groups established 1,277 community responding to root causes of health issues across World Vision areas.

MALARIA

50,344 long-lasting insecticide treated nets were distributed.

HEALTH WORKERS

1,278 health workers such as medical doctors, clinical officers, nurses, midwives, and community health workers contributed in the provision of health care services. They were trained in emergency obstetric and newborn care, focused antenatal care, infection control, and prevention of post-partum hemorrhage (PPH).

NUTRITION

180 out of 233 health facilities were supported to offer nutrition screening, treatment and care services including 7 stabilization centers, 100 outpatient therapeutic centers, and 73 targeted supplementary feeding programme sites.
Over 125,000 people were provided with access to clean water, primarily in Upper Nile and Western Equatoria. Evaluations show that emergency WASH support has increased safe water access in conflict affected areas in the former Upper Nile state. From evaluation data, 71% of the target beneficiaries in the former Upper Nile state (90% in Malakal, 15% in Baliet, 40% in Manyo and 79% in Melut) indicated that the water used at household level was treated at the point of collection, such as through collection from a World Vision surface water treatment system. 74% of the target beneficiaries in the former Upper Nile state (86% in Malakal, 29% in Baliet, 62% in Manyo and 77% in Melut) confirmed that the water they use for drinking and domestic use is treated by boiling or chlorination.
World Vision increased water access to an average of 14.6 litres per person per day in Upper Nile. Communities in Melut and Manyo counties enjoy access above the Sphere Standards of 15 litres a day. Melut communities reported the highest level of access to protected sources thanks to World Vision’s surface water treatment systems.

### Figure 2: Access to water in the Upper Nile communities.
Data Source: SAFE II baseline, Sept. 2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Average Household</th>
<th>Amount of water collected (liters)</th>
<th>Liters per person per day</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Malakal</td>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>113.7</td>
<td>14.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ballet</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>98.4</td>
<td>13.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manyo</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>81.9</td>
<td>16.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melut</td>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>105.7</td>
<td>15.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AVERAGE</strong></td>
<td><strong>7.2</strong></td>
<td><strong>104.8</strong></td>
<td><strong>14.6</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Proportion of infants whose births were attended by skilled birth attendants

According to DHIS 2016 data, deliveries by skilled birth attendants in Ezo County within FY16 was 11% while that in Yambio was 6%. WVSS intervention under HPF Lot 23 in the same locations in FY17 revealed an increase to 13%. The achievement shows a gradual positive change in women whose deliveries are supported by skilled birth personnel. The indicator threshold however remains extremely critical and will require continued sensitization and follow-up through community structures, such as mother support groups, increased funding for expansion of health infrastructure to remote areas, as well as general improvement in the security situation.
**Improved Quality of Basic EDUCATION for Children and Youth**

**KEY MODELS AND APPROACHES**

GO-baby-GO, Learning Roots, Food for Education, Unlock Literacy, Community Voice in Action, Education in Emergencies, Early Childhood Development

Key Achievements

- **42,875** children attended schools supported by World Vision
- **29,175** girls received dignity kits, uniforms, or shoes
- **61,120** children (33,978 boys and 27,142 girls) had meals under school feeding and girls incentives
- **659** teachers were trained on classroom management and teaching methods
- **46** temporary learning structures, **16** classroom blocks and **56** semi-permanent classrooms constructed
Enhanced PEACE & PROTECTION of Vulnerable Children and Youth

Key Achievements

- **12** projects were implemented
- **10,608** women and their families supported with protection services
- **11,043** men and their families provided with protection services
- **US$ 4,000,000** funding received
- **29,175** boys and their families supported with protection services
- **22,741** girls and their families supported with protection services
- **50** faith leaders supporting survivors of SGBV
Programming models include Celebrating Families, Channels of Hope (gender module), Child Rights Clubs, and Child Friendly Spaces. World Vision South Sudan also adopts international programming models primarily developed by UNICEF, UNFPA, WHO and IASC guidelines.

3,040 children (1,443 female, 1,507 male) were provided with psychosocial support through Child Friendly Spaces, offering counseling, recreational therapies, safe play, life skills curriculum and referral for specialized services.

World Vision South Sudan completed 21 participatory awareness-raising and advocacy campaigns engaging children, including the global initiative 16 Days of Activism to the end violence against women and girls.

**PROTECTION**

- **34** Children Protection Communities were established and are functional, which includes 850 members (297 female, 553 male). Each community has a functioning child protection reporting mechanism in place.

**HEALTH WORKERS**

- **45** health workers trained on clinical management of rape (20 female, 25 male)

**BIRTH CERTIFICATES**

- **1,348** children under 5 years of age (651 female, 697 male) received birth registration certificates

**CHILD PROTECTION COMMITTEES**

- **782** child protection committee members (350 female, 432 male) were trained on child rights, gender-based violence issues and local advocacy to reduce incidents, and tackle contributing attitudes, beliefs and customary decision-making

**IMMUNIZATIONS**

- **300** children affected by violence, abuse, neglect or exploitation were referred for case management services (165 female, 135 male)

**FAITH LEADERS**

- **50** faith leaders trained through Channels of Hope (22 female, 28 male) are now leading local advocacy to reduce stigma against survivors of GBV and children born of rape

**PARENTS**

- **147** faith leaders, parents and community members (66 female, 68 male) trained on Celebrating Families
Improved
FOOD SECURITY & LIVELIHOODS
for Vulnerable Children and Communities

KEY MODELS AND APPROACHES
Resilience Framework, General Food Distribution, Food/Cash For Assets, Building Secure Livelihoods, Post Harvesting Handling, Storage And Marketing, Farmer Managed Natural Regeneration, Savings Groups Model with Village Savings And Loans Association Approach, Climate Smart Agriculture, Farmer Field Schools, Lead Farmer Approach

FOOD ASSISTANCE
489,160 children received food assistance

RESILIENCE
215,000 people benefitted from increased employment, family income and agricultural production through the FEED consortium project.

URBAN PROGRAMMING
63,000 most vulnerable urban residents in Juba town received cash assistance

AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION
688 farmer field schools established supporting 21,148 farmers under the FEED consortium project

GENDER EMPOWERMENT
50% increase among FEED project participants who perceive that women are able to take an active role in decision-making

LIVELIHOODS
39,102 people enhanced their resilience by creating livelihood and communal assets, and received food assistance
Figure 4: Food consumption score in World Vision areas

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

20,047 people trained in farmer managed natural regeneration practices.

1 state forestry policy drafted with the former Warrap state government

SMALL BUSINESS AND FINANCE

12,589 people completed trainings related to business and financial management.

40 village savings and loans groups

LIVELIHOOD SUPPORT

23,351 households received livelihood support including seeds, fishing kits and livestock
DISASTER MANAGEMENT

KEY MODELS AND APPROACHES


Key Achievements

RAPID RESPONSE MECHANISM (RRM)

90,098 children (44,534 boys and 45,564 girls) living in extremely remote locations received food assistance through the deployment of rapid response teams

NON-FOOD ITEMS

103,794 displaced children received emergency shelter and essential household items

HUMANITARIAN ACCOUNTABILITY

1,326 beneficiaries are involved in project management committees

98% of beneficiaries are aware of complaint/feedback mechanisms

87% report to be satisfied with World Vision South Sudan services
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